

# Work, Energy & Power

## Work

Work is done when **energy** is Transferred

$$Work = F \times d$$

**d** → distance in the direction of the force

- Measured in  $J$  (Joules) -  $Nm$

## Energy

Energy is the ability to do **Work**

- It can do work but doesn't mean it did. **e.g.** : A rock that might fall off a mountain has energy but did not do any work yet

## Forms of energy

1. Heat / Thermal
2. Chemical
3. Electric
4. Sound
5. Light
6. Kinetic
  1. Gravitational
  2. Strain
  3. Electric

## Potential Energy (Energy of Position)

### Gravitational

$$G.P.E. = mgh$$

- Proof

$$\begin{aligned} work &= F \times d \\ work &= m \times g \times h \end{aligned}$$

- **h** is considered to be at the **center of mass**

## Kinetic Energy (Energy of Motion)

$$K.E. = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

- Proof

$$\begin{aligned} K.E. &= F \times S \\ K.E. &= m \times a \times S \\ v^2 &= 2aS \\ K.E. &= \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \end{aligned}$$

## Power

Power is the **rate** of doing work

$$P = \frac{\textit{work}}{\textit{time}}$$

$$P = F \times v$$

- Measured in  $W$  (Watt) -  $Nms^{-1}$

## Efficiency ( $\eta$ )

Efficiency is the **useful** output power percentage

$$\eta = \frac{\text{useful output energy}}{\text{input energy}} \times 100$$