

Location of Pakistan

Pakistan

Latitude: 25°35° North and 37°05° North

Longitude: 61° East to 78° East

Total Area: 796,096 km²

Pakistan has 4 provinces Sindh, Punjab, KPK, Balochistan and Gilgit Baltistan.

Neighboring Countries:

North-East → China → CPEC

West → Afghanistan → Durand Line

North-West → Wakhan Strip which separates Pakistan from Tajikistan

South-West → Iran

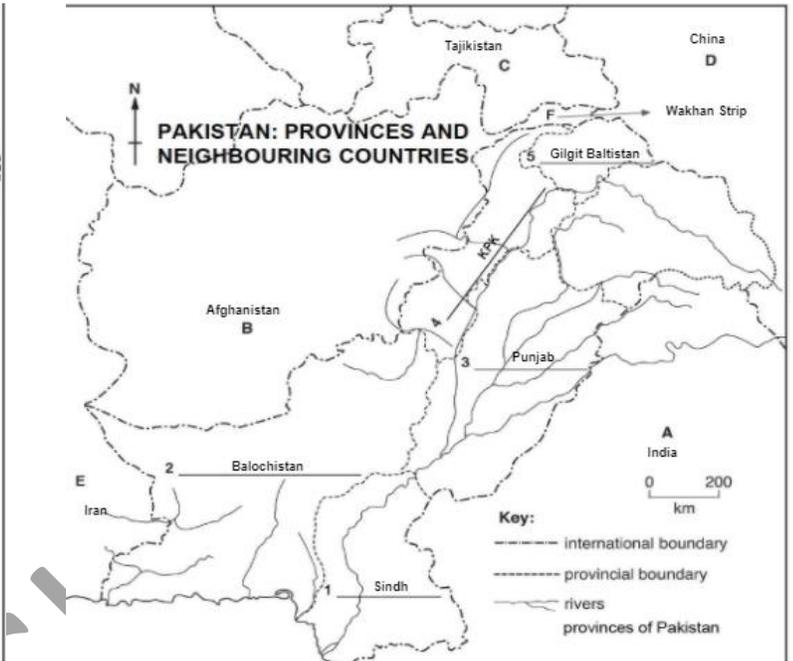
East → India → Radcliffe Line

South → Arabian Sea

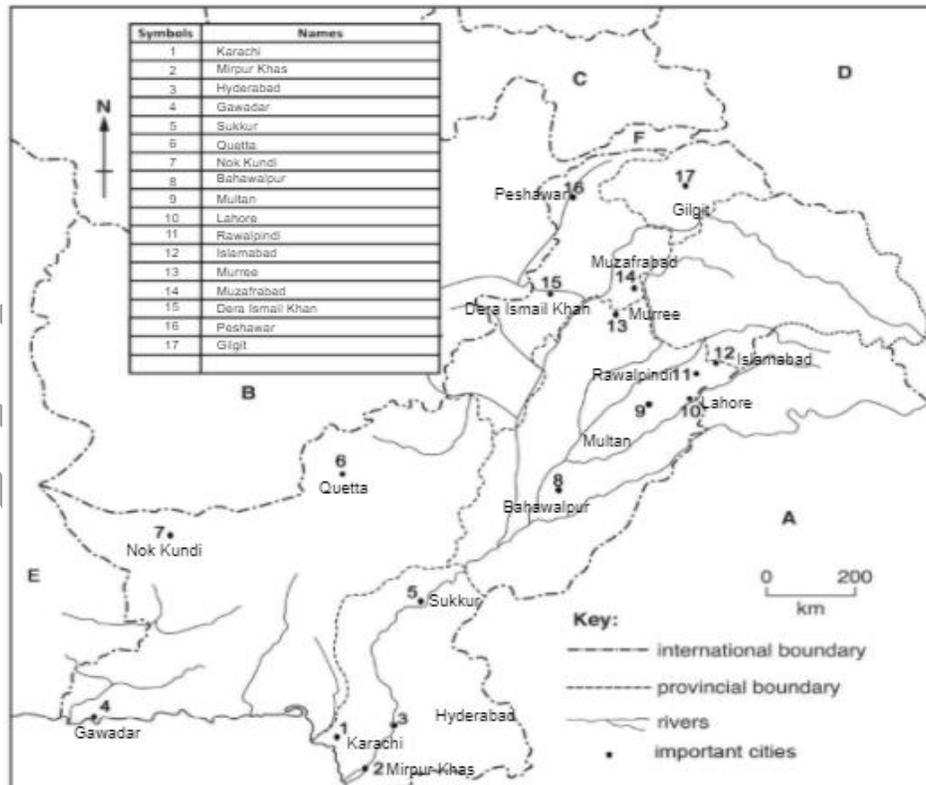
Information:

- Old name of KPK was North-West Frontier Province.
- Pakistan got its independence after USSR breakup.
- Pakistan has land, sea and air trade.
- Pakistan has the larger trading export, import with China.
- Pakistan, China corridor and Gas Pipeline are projects that can help the economy of Pakistan by increasing trade opportunities and making more jobs to reduce literacy rates and stable economy. Such projects attract tourists and help to make the

infrastructure or Pakistan better such as roads, buildings, ports etc. making the economy better.



PAKISTAN: IMPORTANT CITIES



Location:

- Pakistan is located in South Asia.
- In the extreme north-east Pakistan shares a border with China, in the west it has Afghanistan which is 2252 km long and is known as the Durand Line, in the south-west it has Iran, to the east it has India and the Arabian Sea marks its southern border.
- Pakistan's borders with India and Afghanistan are longer than those with Iran and China.
- Pakistan is located between latitudes 24*35' north and 37*05' north and extends from longitude 61* east to 78* east.
- The total area of Pakistan is 796,096 square km stretching over 1600 km from north to south and about 885 km from east to west.



Importance:

- Pakistan is connected by land with many places.
- The Khyber Pass provides a route to Afghanistan and the Karakoram Highway connects Pakistan to China.
- Pakistan's seaports of Karachi and Gawadar also serve many land locked areas.
- The coastline of Pakistan is in a central position for trading with South Asia, Far East and the Middle East.
- Many of the air routes between east and west pass through Pakistan because of its central position.
- Jinnah Terminal can thus play a key role as an international airport.
- Pakistan can benefit from transit revenue if power resources are transported from other countries through Pakistan.
- China has emerged as an economic power and being an immediate neighbor Pakistan has increased its trade with China.
- This allows Pakistan to import Chinese products at a low price.

- Projects such as CPEC can bring multiple opportunities to Pakistan.

Administrative Areas:

- Pakistan has four provinces; Sindh, Punjab, Balochistan and KPK.
- Islamabad, Muree, Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Lahore, Faisalabad, Multan, Sialkot, Peshawar, Chitral, Gilgit, Hyderabad, Karachi, Quetta and Gwadar are the main cities of Pakistan.
- Gilgit Baltistan and FATA.

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